Congestion and Air Quality Management Annual Report - Fiscal Year 2023

Appendix A: Quantitative Assessment Calculations

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For: DelDOT Division of Planning

1 INTRODUCTION

This appendix was prepared to provide a record of the calculations completed for the five projects assessed quantitatively for DelDOT's FY2022 submissions to the CMAQ PAS (see **Table 1**).

Table 1. FY2023 CMAQ Program Summary

Project Category	Project No.	Project Name
Bike and Ped Facility	T202301602	Milford US 113 Pathway – Phase 1
Bike and Ped Facility	T202301603	NW Front Street Pathway
Bike and Ped Facility	T202401201	South Little Creek Road Shared Use Path
Carpooling & Vanpooling	T202404801	Rideshare FY24
Congestion Reduction and Traffic Flow Improvements	T202104703	FY24 Transportation Management Improvements Statewide Projects

The methods for completing the emission reduction calculations are discussed in Section 3.0 of the *Congestion and Air Quality Management Annual Report - Fiscal Year 2023*. The following sections present the inputs, standard variables, and outputs generated used by DelDOT to complete these estimation procedures for each of the five quantitative assessments.

1.1 MILFORD US 113 PATHWAY – PHASE 1

This project was reported to PAS for FY2023 as a quantitative entry. The project is listed under CMAQ ID No. T202301602. The information presented in the tables and figures below was used to calculate annual emissions reductions.

Table 2. Milford US 113 Pathway Phase 1- Background

	Project No.	T202301602
	Evaluation Year	2027
Project	Project Name	Milford US113 Pathway – Phase 1
Description	Parallel Route	US 113
	Limits	Buccaneer Street to The Plaza at Milford
	Length (mi)	0.75

Table 3. Milford US 113 Pathway Phase 1 – Mode-Shift Estimate

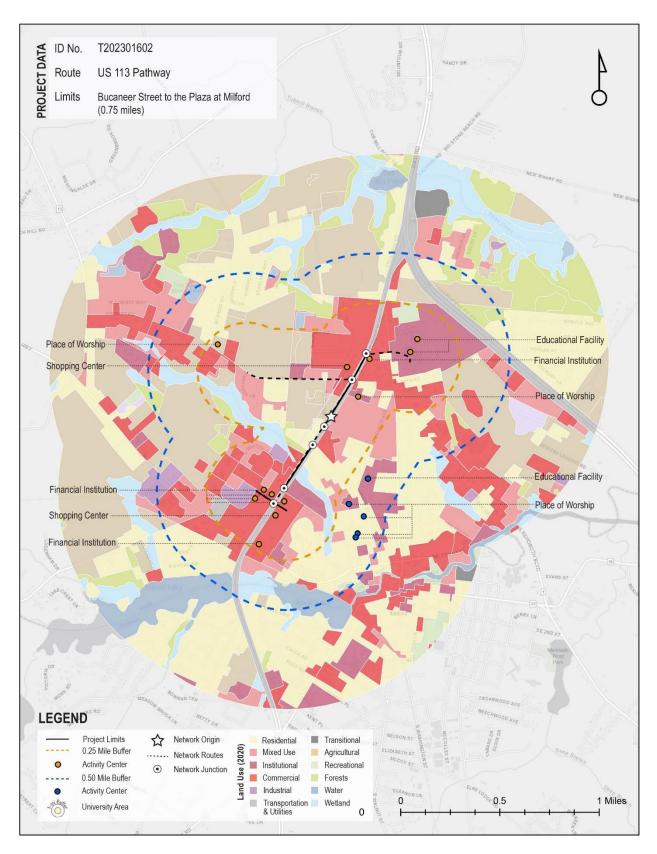
	Bike	1					
	PED	1					
Input	D^1	250					
Variables	AADT	27,256					
	A^2	0.0014					
	C³	0.0030					
	Total Annual Traffic	9,948,440					
	Total Annual Trips reduced from Bike Improvements	29,982					
Mode Shift	Total Annual Trips reduced from Ped Improvements	29,982					
Estimate	Total Annual Trips Reduced	59,963					
	Avg. Reduction in Daily Passenger Trips	2.49					
	Final AADT	164					

¹This variable (D) is the number of days a year when the facility would be open per year. It is used to translate the change in AADT to annual trips converted. The longer a facility is predicted to be in use each year, the more trips converted each year.

² This variable (A) is used to determine what percentage of the AADT will be converted into pedestrian and cyclist trips. A is the variable that is used to adjust the AADT reduction estimate based on three criteria: the existing AADT on the parallel route, the length of the proposed facility, and the presence of a university nearby. Facilities adjacent to high-volume routes are assigned a lower adjustment factor than those on low-volume routes. Facilities at least a mile or more in length are assigned a higher adjustment factor than shorter facilities. Facilities near a university are assigned a higher adjustment factor than those that are not.

³ The value of the variable (C) is determined by the number of activity centers within a 0.25 and 0.5-mile buffer around the project limits. Projects with many activity centers within their 0.25 and 0.5-mile buffer are assigned a larger credit than those with few.

Figure 1. Milford US 113 Pathway Phase 1– Project Datasheet



CMAQ Emissions Calculator Toolkit Bicycle and Pedestrian Improvements This calculator will estimate the reduction in emissions resulting from improvements to bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure and associated mode shift from passenger vehicles to bicycling or walking, including but not limited to sidewalks, dedicated bicycle infrastructure, improved wayfinding, mid-block crossing installations, bike share systems, and bike parking improvements. Navigator User Guide INPUT Bicycle and Pedestrian Improvements Reset Interface (1) What is your project evaluation yes 2027 (2) Estimate the shift in daily motorized passenger vehicle trips to non-motorized travel due to the bicycle and pedestrian project. Daily Passenger Vehicle Trips (3a) Select the data type used for entering the typical one-way trip distance of passenger vehicles below: Trip Distance Source
Average <- Fill National Values (3b) If you selected "Average" above, enter the typical one-way trip distance. If you selected "Distribution" above, enter the typical distribution of one-way trip distance. Calculate Output OUTPUT EMISSION REDUCTIONS Total Pollutant Carbon Monoxide (CO)
Particulate Matter <2.5 µm (PM_{2.5})
Particulate Matter <10 µm (PM₁₀) 0.015 Nitrogen Oxide (NOx)
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) 0.079 Carbon Dioxide Equivalent (CO₂e) Total Energy Consumption (MMBTU/day)

Figure 2. Milford US 113 Pathway Phase 1 – CMAQ Toolkit Output

1.2 NW Front Street Pathway

This project was reported to PAS for FY2023 as a quantitative entry. The project is listed under CMAQ ID No. T202301603. The information presented in the tables and figures below was used to calculate annual emissions reductions.

Table 4. NW Front Street Pathway - Background

	Project No.	T202301603			
	Evaluation Year	2027			
Project	Project Name	NW Front Street Pathway			
Description	n Parallel Route	Bike and Pedestrian Improvements			
	Limits	NW Front Street			
	Length (mi)	Maple Ave to before US 113			

Table 5. NW Front Street Pathway – Mode-Shift Estimate

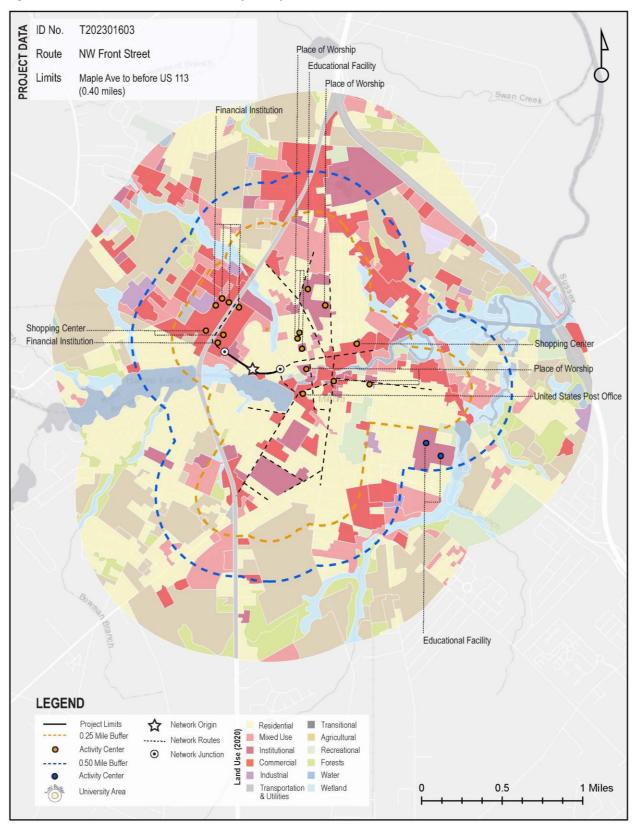
	Bike	1				
	PED	-				
Input	D^1	250				
Variables	AADT	7,088				
	A^2	0.0019				
	C³	0.0030				
	Total Annual Traffic	2,587,120				
	Total Annual Trips reduced from Bike Improvements	8,683				
Mode Shift	Total Annual Trips reduced from Ped Improvements	-				
Estimate	Total Annual Trips Reduced	8,683				
	Avg. Reduction in Daily Passenger Trips	2.49				
	Final AADT	24				

¹This variable (D) is the number of days a year when the facility would be open per year. It is used to translate the change in AADT to annual trips converted. The longer a facility is predicted to be in use each year, the more trips converted each year.

² This variable (A) is used to determine what percentage of the AADT will be converted into pedestrian and cyclist trips. A is the variable that is used to adjust the AADT reduction estimate based on three criteria: the existing AADT on the parallel route, the length of the proposed facility, and the presence of a university nearby. Facilities adjacent to high-volume routes are assigned a lower adjustment factor than those on low-volume routes. Facilities at least a mile or more in length are assigned a higher adjustment factor than shorter facilities. Facilities near a university are assigned a higher adjustment factor than those that are not.

³The value of the variable (C) is determined by the number of activity centers within a 0.25 and 0.5-mile buffer around the project limits. Projects with many activity centers within their 0.25 and 0.5-mile buffer are assigned a larger credit than those with few.

Figure 3. NW Front Street Pathway – Project Datasheet



CMAQ Emissions Calculator Toolkit Bicycle and Pedestrian Improvements This calculator will estimate the reduction in emissions resulting from improvements to bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure and associated mode shift fron passenger vehicles to bicycling or walking, including but not limited to sidewalks, dedicated bicycle infrastructure, improved wayfinding, mid-block crossing installations, bike share systems, and bike parking improvements. Navigator User Guide Bicycle and Pedestrian <u>Improvements</u> Reset Interface (1) What is your project evaluation yes (3a) Select the data type used for entering the typical one-way trip distance of passenger vehicles below Trip Distance Source
Average (3b) If you selected "Average" above, enter the typical one-way trip distance. If you selected "Distribution" above, enter the typical distribution of one-way trip distances $3 \le x \le 4$ 4 < x < 5 Calculate Output OUTPUT EMISSION REDUCTIONS

Pollutant
Carbon Monoxide (CO)
Particulate Matter <2.5 µm (PM_{2.5})
Particulate Matter <10 µm (PM₁₀)

Nitrogen Oxide (NOx)

Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)

Carbon Dioxide Equivalent (CO₂e)

Total Energy Consumption (MMBTU/day)

*Units in kg/day unless otherwise noted

0.180 0.001 0.002

0.012

18.331

Figure 4. NW Front Street Pathway - CMAQ Toolkit Output

1.3 South Little Creek Road Shared Use Path

This project was reported to PAS for FY2023 as a quantitative entry. The project is listed under CMAQ ID No. T202401201. The information presented in the tables and figures below was used to calculate annual emissions reductions.

Table 6. South Little Creek Road Shared Use Path - Background

	Project No.	T202401201				
	Evaluation Year	2028				
Project	Project Name	South Little Creek Road Shared Use Path				
Description	ion Parallel Route	Bike and Pedestrian Improvements				
	Limits	South Little Creek Road				
	Length (mi)	Horsepond Road to US 13				

Table 7. South Little Creek Road Shared Use Path – Mode-Shift Estimate

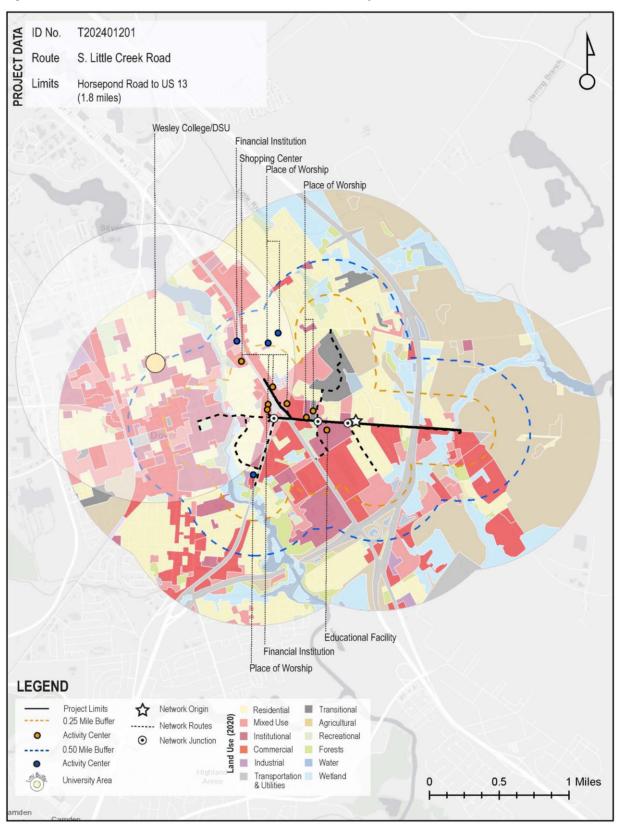
	Bike	1				
	PED	-				
Input	D^1	250				
Variables	AADT	11,319				
	A^2	0.0155				
	C³	0.0030				
	Total Annual Traffic	4,131,435				
	Total Annual Trips reduced from Bike Improvements	52,350				
Mode Shift	Total Annual Trips reduced from Ped Improvements	-				
Estimate	Total Annual Trips Reduced	52,350				
	Avg. Reduction in Daily Passenger Trips	2.49				
	Final AADT	143				

¹This variable (D) is the number of days a year when the facility would be open per year. It is used to translate the change in AADT to annual trips converted. The longer a facility is predicted to be in use each year, the more trips converted each year.

² This variable (A) is used to determine what percentage of the AADT will be converted into pedestrian and cyclist trips. A is the variable that is used to adjust the AADT reduction estimate based on three criteria: the existing AADT on the parallel route, the length of the proposed facility, and the presence of a university nearby. Facilities adjacent to high-volume routes are assigned a lower adjustment factor than those on low-volume routes. Facilities at least a mile or more in length are assigned a higher adjustment factor than shorter facilities. Facilities near a university are assigned a higher adjustment factor than those that are not.

³The value of the variable (C) is determined by the number of activity centers within a 0.25 and 0.5-mile buffer around the project limits. Projects with many activity centers within their 0.25 and 0.5-mile buffer are assigned a larger credit than those with few.

Figure 5. South Little Creek Road Shared Use Path – Project Datasheet



CMAQ Emissions Calculator Toolkit Bicycle and Pedestrian Improvements This calculator will estimate the reduction in emissions resulting from improvements to bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure and associated mode shift from passenger vehicles to bicycling or walking, including but not limited to sidewalks, dedicated bicycle infrastructure, improved wayfinding, mid-block crossing installations, bike share systems, and bike parking improvements. Navigator User Guide **INPUT** Bicycle and Pedestrian Reset Interface (1) What is your project evaluation year? (2) Estimate the shift in daily motorized passenger vehicle trips to non-motorized travel due to the bicycle and pedestrian project

Daily Passenger Yehicle Trips **After** 11176 (3a) Select the data type used for entering the typical one-way trip distance of passenger vehicles below Trip Distance Source
Average (3b) If you selected "Average" above, enter the typical one-way trip distance. If you selected "Distribution" above, enter the typical distribution of one-way trip dist Distribution of Trip Distances (daily fraction per $\kappa < 1$ $1 \le \kappa < 2$ $2 \le \kappa < 3$ $3 \le \kappa < 4$ $4 \le \kappa \le 5$ Calculate Output OUTPUT EMISSION REDUCTIONS Pollutant
Carbon Monoxide (CO)
Particulate Matter <2.5 μm (PM_{2.5})
Particulate Matter <10 μm (PM₁₀)
Nitrogen Oxide (NOx)
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) Total 0.998 0.003 0.013 0.063 Carbon Dioxide Equivalent (CO₂e) 106.109

Total Energy Consumption (MMBTU/day

Figure 6. South Little Creek Road Shared Use Path – CMAQ Toolkit Output

1.4 Rideshare FY2024

This project was reported to PAS for FY2023 as a quantitative entry. The project is listed under CMAQ ID No. T202404801. This obligation relates to a future service year of an ongoing DelDOT program. As a result, past assessments of annual program performance were used to predict the impact of the proposed obligation. The information presented in the tables and figures below was used to calculate annual emissions reductions.

Table 8. Rideshare FY2024 - Background

	Project No.	T202404801
Project	Project Name	RIDESHARE FY24
Description	Туре	CARPOOLING & VANPOOLING
	Limits	2024

Table 9. Rideshare FY2024 – Financial Performance Projections

	QUANTITATIVELY ASSESSED PROJECTS														
	Programming Information Daily Emission Benefit (kg/day)							\$ of CMAQ Funding per Kg of Daily Emission Reduction							
	oject 'ear	State Project ID	CMAQ Capital Amount	VOC	со	NOX	PM10	PM2.5	CO2	VOC	СО	NOX	PM10	PM2.5	CO2
20	020	T202004802	360,000	0.141	5.375	0.082	0.02	0.425	772.415	\$ 2,553,191	\$ 66,977	\$ 4,390,244	\$ 18,000,000	\$ 847,059	\$ 466
20	021	T202104801	384,000	0.167	5.987	0.093	0.023	0.442	858.682	\$ 2,299,401	\$ 64,139	\$ 4,129,032	\$ 16,695,652	\$ 868,778	\$ 447
20	022	T202204802	333,767	0.187	8.247	0.558	0.033	0.140	1267.655	\$ 1,784,848	\$ 40,471	\$ 598,148	\$ 10,114,139	\$ 2,384,047	\$ 263
20	023	T202304802	383,951	0.039	1.61	0.028	0.007	0.103	247.33	\$ 9,844,885	\$ 238,479	\$ 13,712,519	\$ 54,850,076	\$ 3,727,675	\$ 1,552
			Ave	rage Financia	al Performan	ce			"	\$ 4,120,582	\$ 102,516	\$ 5,707,486	\$ 24,914,967	\$ 1,956,890	\$ 682
							F	ORECASTE	D PROJECTS						
	I	Programming Inform	nation		D	aily Emission	Benefit (kg/	day)		\$ of CMAQ Funding per Kg of Daily Emission Reduction					
	oject 'ear	State Project ID	CMAQ Capital Amount	VOC	со	NOX	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	CO2	VOC	СО	NOX	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	CO2
20	024	T202404801	384,000	0.093	3.746	0.067	0.015	0.196	562.855	\$ 4,120,582	\$ 102,516	\$ 5,707,486	\$ 24,914,967	\$ 1,956,890	\$ 682

1.5 FY24 Transportation Management Improvements - Statewide Projects

This statewide Transportation Management Improvement project was reported to PAS for FY2023 as a quantitative entry. The project is listed under CMAQ ID No. T202304703. In total, the FY23 Transportation Management Improvements Statewide Projects involved predicting the emission reduction benefits likely to be generated from the development of four components. The information presented in the tables and figures below was used to calculate annual emissions reductions.

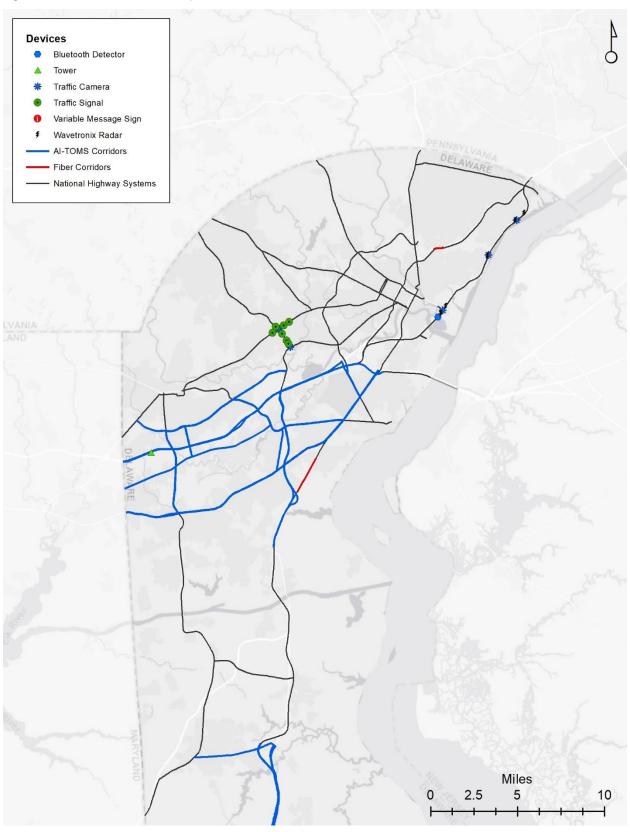
Table 10. FY24 Transportation Management Improvements Statewide Projects- Background

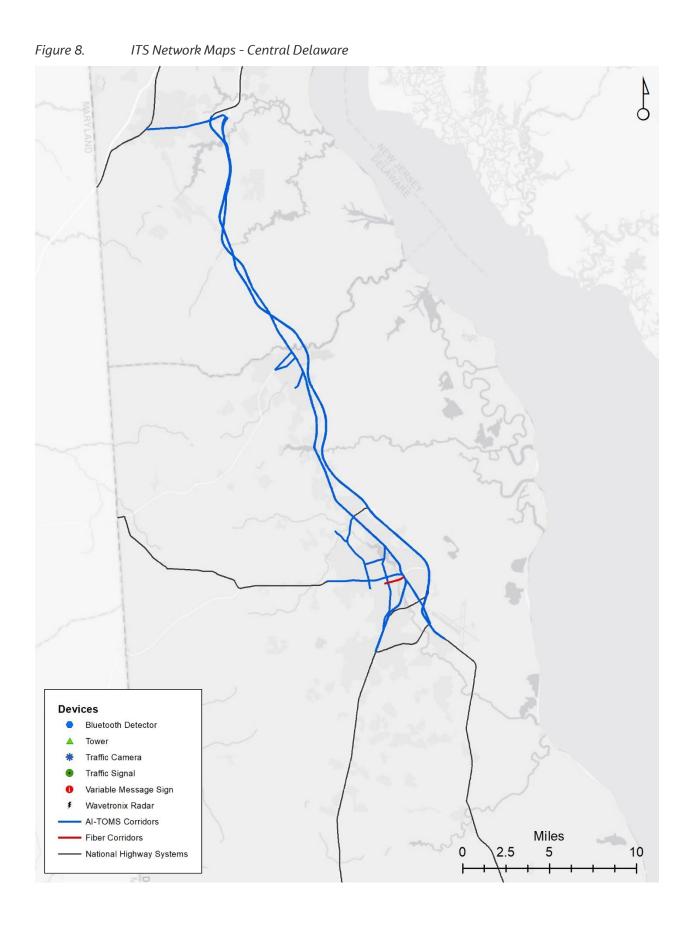
	Project No.	T202404703
	Evaluation Year	2025
	Project Name	FY24 TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT IMPROVEMENTS STATEWIDE PROJECTS
Project Description	Description	This effort is part of a larger, multi-year initiative administered by Delaware's Department of Transportation to continually invest in the Integrated Traffic Management Systems (ITMS) throughout the State of Delaware. The FY24 iteration includes four components: The ITMS Fiber Installation component involves two installations: I-95 between the Talley Maintenance Yard, and the bridge over Brandywine Creek, and US 13 from Tybouts Corner to Seienni Boulevard. The ITMS Wireless component includes four separate initiatives to expand DelDOT's wireless communications network and improve system reliability: the installation of 4.9 GHz point-to-multipoint access points at five existing camera poles; the integration of a 900 MHz wireless hub on Loockerman Street in Dover into the DelDOT fiber backbone; building a 11GHz point-to-point link to the I-95 Toll Plaza tower; the installation of six access points on the Lewis Division of Communications Tower. The AI-TOMS component involves expanding the system to include additional signal corridors within the three project areas (I-95 corridor in New Castle County, US 13 in the Smyrna/Dover area, and SR 1 corridor in the Beach resort area in Sussex County). This will include the continued integration of Unix traffic signal controllers into AI-TOMS and implementation of automated signal timing and control functions within the platform. The Indian River Inlet Bridge (IRIB) Variable Message Signs (VMS) component includes the installation of two VMS devices approaching the Indian River Inlet Bridge from the north and south in advance of major detour routes.

Table 11. FY24 Transportation Management Improvements Statewide Projects – Financial Performance Projection

	QUANTITATIVELY ASSESSED PROJECTS													
Programming Information Daily Emission Benefit (kg/day)						\$ of CMAQ Funding per Kg of Daily Emission Reduction								
Project Year	State Project ID	CMAQ Capital Amount	VOC	со	NOX	PM10	PM2.5	CO2	VOC	СО	NOX	PM10	PM2.5	CO2
2021	T202104703	720,000	0.802	20.194	3.728	0.883	3.662	20.194	\$897,756	\$35,654	\$193,133	\$815,402	\$196,614	\$35,654
2023	T202304703	2,176,000	0.663	24.253	4.052	0.696	2.670	3,560.360	\$3,280,309	\$89,722	\$537,027	\$3,127,440	\$815,112	\$611
	1	Ave	rage Financia	al Performano	e			ļ.	\$2,089,033	\$62,688	\$365,080	\$1,971,421	\$505,863	\$18,133
						F	ORECASTE	D PROJECTS						
	Programming Inform	nation		Da	ily Emission	Benefit (kg/	day)		\$ of CMAQ Funding per Kg of Daily Emission Reduction					
Project Year	State Project ID	CMAQ Capital Amount	VOC	со	NOX	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	CO2	VOC	СО	NOX	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	CO2
2024	T202404703	2,096,000	1.003	33.435	5.741	1.063	4.143	115.592	\$2,089,033	\$62,688	\$365,080	\$1,971,421	\$505,863	\$18,133

Figure 7. ITS Network Maps - Northern Delaware





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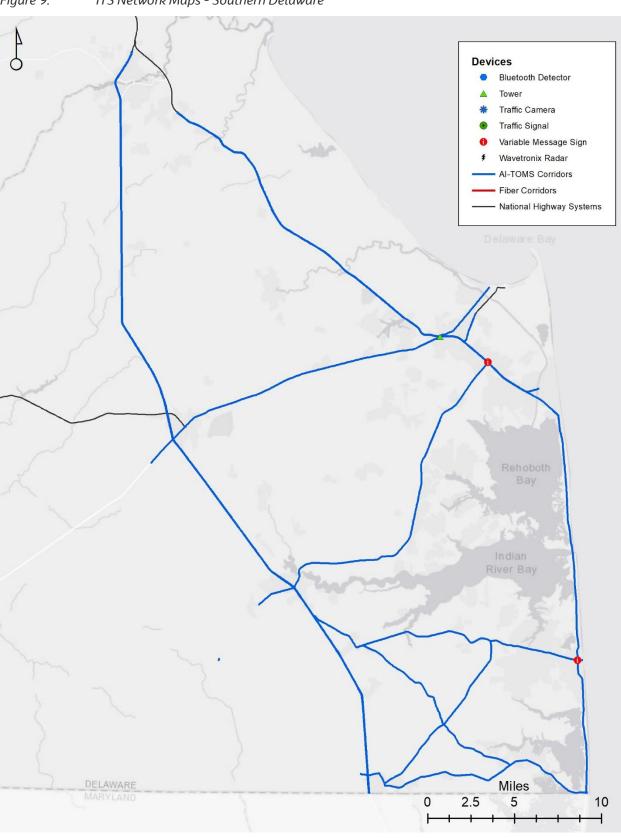


Figure 9. ITS Network Maps - Southern Delaware